



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	SC Cutback Asphalt
Other means of identification	
SDS number	210-GHS
Synonyms	SC-45, SC-70, SC-250, SC-600, SC-800, SC-3000, Slow Cure Asphalt, Cutback Asphalt, Road Asphalt, Road Oil See section 16 for complete information.
Recommended use	Asphalt products are to be used as road and highway paving applications; waterproofing and sealing applications; coatings; or other engineering applications. Use in other applications may result in higher exposures and require additional engineering controls and personal protective equipment.
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufacturer/Supplier	Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates One Valero Way San Antonio, TX 78269-6000
General Assistance	210-345-4593
E-Mail	CorpHSE@valero.com
Contact Person	Industrial Hygienist
Emergency Telephone	24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Asphalt	8052-42-4	0 - 100
Gas oil	64741-44-2	20 - 60
Kerosine (Petroleum)	8008-20-6	2 - 10
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0 - 3
Nonane	111-84-2	0 - 3
Heptane	142-82-5	0 - 2
Hexane (Other Isomers)	Mixture	0 - 2
Octane	111-65-9	0 - 2
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0 - 2
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<0.5
Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	<0.5
Toluene	108-88-3	<0.5
Xylene	1330-20-7	<0.5
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.3
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	130498-29-2	<0.1

Composition comments

Dangerous amounts of hydrogen sulfide, a highly toxic gas, may be present, especially in the headspace of containers.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if discomfort develops or persists.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice. Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sensitive to static discharge.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Vapors may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed.
Specific methods	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Extinguish all flames in the vicinity. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Small Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Collect spillage. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Environmental precautions	If facility or operation has an "oil or hazardous substance contingency plan", activate its procedures. Stay upwind and away from spill. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Flammable. Review Firefighting Measures, Section 5, before proceeding with clean up. Keep all sources of ignition (flames, smoking, flares, etc.) and hot surfaces away from release. Contain spill in smallest possible area. Recover as much product as possible (e.g. by vacuuming). Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. Spilled material may be absorbed by an appropriate absorbent, and then handled in accordance with environmental regulations. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment or drainage systems and natural waterways. Contact fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, contact the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. For highway or railways spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment.

These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame or other sources of ignition.

This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedings. Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m ³
		100 ppm
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m ³
		500 ppm
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m ³
		10 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m ³
		500 ppm
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	PEL	2350 mg/m ³
		500 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Ceiling	25 ppm
	TWA	10 ppm
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	Ceiling	20 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)	TWA	0.5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	2.5 ppm	
	TWA	0.5 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS Mixture)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	STEL	5 ppm	
	TWA	1 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Kerosine (Petroleum) (CAS 8008-20-6)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	15 ppm	
	TWA	10 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	200 ppm	
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	TWA	300 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL	1 ppm	
	TWA	0.1 ppm	
	STEL	545 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	440 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS Mixture)	Ceiling	85 ppm	
	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	510 ppm	
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm	
	Ceiling	15 mg/m3	
Kerosine (Petroleum) (CAS 8008-20-6)	TWA	10 ppm	
	TWA	100 mg/m3	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
	TWA	15 ppm	
	TWA	50 mg/m3	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
	TWA	180 mg/m3	
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	TWA	50 ppm	
	TWA	1050 mg/m3	
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	TWA	200 ppm	
	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	385 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
	STEL	75 ppm	
	STEL	560 mg/m3	
	TWA	150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	25 µg/g	S-Phenylmercapturic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.7 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedion, without hydrolysis		*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Skin designation applies.
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US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Kerosine (Petroleum) (CAS 8008-20-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Protective gloves.

Other Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Flame retardant protective clothing is recommended.

Respiratory protection Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) respirator as needed.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Consult supervisor for special handling instructions. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Dark brown to black liquid.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Viscous liquid at ambient temperatures.
Color	Brown/black.
Odor	Strong petroleum.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	500 - 600.08 °F (260 - 315.6 °C)
Flash point	119.8 - 300.0 °F (48.8 - 148.9 °C) Closed Cup

SC Cutback Asphalt

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Prepared by 3E Company

Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	> 1
Flammability limit - upper (%)	< 7
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	> 1.6 (Air = 1)
Relative density	0.96 - 1.01 (Water=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	399.99 - 700 °F (204.44 - 371.11 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. In high concentrations, vapors and spray mists are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.
Eye contact	May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice. Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Acute		
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	930 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Monkey	0.7 mg/l, 35 Minutes
	Mouse	1.5 mg/l, 18 Minutes
		0.38 mg/l, 410 Minutes
		0.096 mg/l, 804 Minutes
		> 0.024 mg/l, 960 Minutes
	Rat	1.5 mg/l, 14 Minutes
		> 0.38 mg/l, 960 Minutes
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2 g/kg
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	490 mg/kg
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute		
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	28710 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	8000 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects. In in-vitro experiments benzene did not change the number of sister-chromatid exchanges (SCEs) or the number of chromosomal aberrations in human lymphocytes.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. Occupational exposure to straight-run asphalts and their emissions during road paving: 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Gas oil (CAS 64741-44-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Cancer	

Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Animal studies of benzene have shown testicular effects, alterations in reproductive cycles, chromosomal aberrations and embryo/fetotoxicity. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Can cause adverse reproductive effects - such as birth defects, miscarriages, or infertility. Avoid exposure to women during early pregnancy. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to the following organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Lungs.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged and repeated exposure to benzene may cause serious injury to blood forming organs and is associated with anemia and to the later development of acute myelogenous leukemia (AML). Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause central nervous system, kidney, liver, and lung damage.
Further information	Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)

Persistence and degradability None known.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	2.13
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	3.15
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)	5.46
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)	5.18
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	2.73

Mobility in soil Not available.

Other adverse effects Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F D018: Waste Benzene

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	U019
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)	U135
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	U165
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	U220

Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1999
UN proper shipping name	Asphalt, cutback
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	149, B13, IB2, T3, TP3, TP29
Packaging exceptions	173, 150
Packaging non bulk	173, 202
Packaging bulk	176, 242

IATA

UN number	UN1999
UN proper shipping name	Asphalt, cutback
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1999
UN proper shipping name	ASPHALT, CUTBACK
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Cancer
Central nervous system
Blood
Aspiration
Skin
Eye
Respiratory tract irritation
Flammability

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4) LISTED
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) LISTED
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) LISTED
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) LISTED
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS Mixture) LISTED
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4) LISTED
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) LISTED
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) LISTED
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2) LISTED
Octane (CAS 111-65-9) LISTED
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
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Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	100	500 lbs		
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SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0 - 3
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0 - 2
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<0.5
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.3

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 % weight/volumn

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS Mixture)
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
Kerosine (Petroleum) (CAS 8008-20-6)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
Kerosine (Petroleum) (CAS 8008-20-6)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)
Hexane (Other Isomers) (CAS Mixture)
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
Kerosine (Petroleum) (CAS 8008-20-6)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
Nonane (CAS 111-84-2)
Octane (CAS 111-65-9)
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (CAS 130498-29-2)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Hydrogen sulfide (CAS 7783-06-4)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Asphalt (CAS 8052-42-4)
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

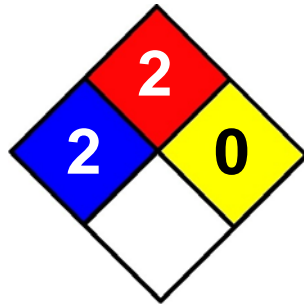
16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 27-June-2013

Revision date 05-May-2014

Version # 02

NFPA Ratings



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